HB2191 FA1 WestKe-LRB(Untimely Filed) 3/21/2023 9:18:06 am

FLOOR AMENDMENT

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:			
CHAIR:			
I move to amend <u>HB2191</u>		0.4	the mainted Dill
Page Section		Lines	the printed Bill
		Of t	the Engrossed Bill
By striking the Title, the E inserting in lieu thereof the			.ll, and by
AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDME	ENTS		
Adopted:		t submitted by:	Kevin West

Reading Clerk

1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA			
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)			
3	FLOOR SUBSTITUTE FOR			
4	HOUSE BILL NO. 2191 By: West (Kevin)			
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7	FLOOR SUBSTITUTE			
8	An Act relating to eminent domain; amending 27 O.S. 2021, Sections 5 and 17, which relate to local			
9	governments and resale of surplus property; conforming language; defining terms; prohibiting			
10	taking of private property unless for certain uses and with compensation; requiring court to strictly			
11	construe certain provisions; prohibiting expansion of eminent domain powers absent statutory authority;			
12	providing exception; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.			
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:			
16	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 27 O.S. 2021, Section 5, is			
17	amended to read as follows:			
18	Section 5. Any county, city, town, township, school district,			
19	or board of education, or any board or official having charge of			
20	cemeteries created and existing under the laws of this state, shall			
21	have power to condemn lands in like manner as railroad companies,			
22	for highways, rights-of-way, building sites, cemeteries, public			
23	parks and other public purposes <u>uses</u> .			
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SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 27 O.S. 2021, Section 17, is amended to read as follows:

Section 17. A. In the event that a portion of the total amount of real property taken by eminent domain under the procedures set forth in Title 27 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title for a public purpose use as described in Section 9 of Title 27 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title is not used for the purposes uses for which it was condemned or for another public use by the agency or other entity which acquired the real property, the portion of the real property that is not used shall be declared surplus and shall be first offered for resale to the person from whom the property was taken or the heirs of the person at the appraised value or the original price at which the acquiring agency or entity purchased that portion of the property, whichever is less.

B. For purposes of complying with subsection A of this section, the agency or entity which acquired the real property by condemnation shall notify the former landowner of the right of first refusal by sending notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last-known address of the person as provided by the person. If the mail is returned as not subject to delivery or the former landowner is deceased, notice of the right of first refusal shall be provided by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the community where the real property is located. The notice shall contain the name of the former landowner and a

- legal description of the surplus property. If the offer to
 repurchase is not accepted within ninety (90) days from the date of
 notice or if the offer to repurchase is not accepted from the date
 the resale price on the property is determined, the property may
 then be sold at public sale.
 - C. This section shall not apply to conveyances for redevelopment under Sections 38-101 through 38-123 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 41 of Title 27, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

For the purposes of this act:

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- 1. "Abandoned property" means either of the following:
 - a. a property that has been substantially unoccupied or unused for any commercial or residential purpose for at least one (1) year by a person with a legal or equitable right to occupy the property that has been cited as a public nuisance in violation of a housing, maintenance, building, or property code which has not been remedied within a reasonable time of not less than thirty (30) days to cure the noncompliance, and has had a public hearing made available to the property owner. The notice of public hearing shall advise the property owner of the hearing's location,

date and time. The hearing shall be within a
reasonable time of not less than thirty (30) days
after the time to cure the non-compliance ends, or

- b. a property for which property taxes have not been paid for at least two (2) years;
- "Blighted property" means a structure that was inspected by 2. the appropriate government entity, cited for one or more enforceable housing, maintenance, building, or property code violations which by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age, or obsolescence of the structure threatens the health and safety of the occupants or the public, has not been remedied within a reasonable time of not less than thirty (30) days to cure the noncompliance, has had a public hearing made available to the property owner, and the agency or entity that wished to acquire the property by condemnation determined at the public hearing that reasonable progress toward curing the cited violation has not been made. The notice of the public hearing shall advise the property owner of the hearing's location, date, and time. The public hearing shall be within a reasonable time of not less than thirty (30) days after the time to cure the non-compliance ends; and
 - 3. "Public use" means:

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a. the possession, occupation, ownership, and enjoyment of the land by the general public, or by a government entity for use as a public highway, road, easement or

a right-of-way, public building, public cemetery,

public park, or other uses authorized in Section 5 of

Title 27 of the Oklahoma Statutes,

- b. the possession, occupation, and ownership of land for operations of a public utility or private entity authorized by statute that serves the general public,
- c. the remediation of a blighted property, or
- d. the possession of an abandoned property.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 42 of Title 27, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Private property may not be taken or damaged by a condemning authority unless the taking or damage is necessary for a public use and with just compensation. The public purpose or public benefit of economic development, including an increase in tax base, tax revenues, employment, or general economic health, does not constitute a public use.
- B. Nothing in subsection A of this section shall be construed to prohibit a taking of private property for public use as defined in subparagraphs a, b, c, and d of paragraph 3 of Section 3 of this act because the public use also provides ancillary economic benefits.
- C. A governmental body subordinate to the state may not exercise, create, extend, or expand a power of eminent domain in the

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absence of statutory authority. Additional procedures, remedies, or
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    limitations that do not deny or diminish the substantive and
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    procedural rights and protections of property owners under this
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    section may be provided by other law, ordinance, or charter.
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        D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the
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    abatement of any public nuisance authorized under state law.
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        Ε.
            The actions and determinations of the condemnation are
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    subject to judicial review in a court proceeding.
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        SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024.
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